

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

**LISTING OF CLAIMS**

1-24. (Cancelled)

25. (new) A notebook computer with a hidden touch pad, comprising:

a display;

a main portion connected with the display and including a housing, wherein the housing has a first surface and a second surface, a receiving portion formed in the second surface and not exposed to the first surface, wherein a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion forms therein is thinner than that of the housing that the receiving portion does not form therein and a ratio between a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion forms therein and a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion does not form therein is  $1/3-1/2$ ; and

a touch pad disposed onto the receiving portion.

26. (new) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 25, wherein the housing further includes a flange on the first surface, and the flange surrounds a surface corresponding to the receiving portion.

27. (new) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 26, wherein the flange is an identifier.

28. (new) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 25, further comprising:  
an adhesive member adhering the touch pad to the receiving portion.

29. (new) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 28, wherein the touch pad is closely adjacent to the receiving portion via the adhesive member, thereby eliminating any gap between the receiving portion and the touch pad.

30. (new) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 25, wherein a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion forms therein is about 0.5-0.8 mm.

31. (new) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 25, wherein a difference between a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion forms therein and a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion does not form therein is 0.7-1.0 mm.

32. (new) A method for manufacturing a notebook computer with a hidden touch pad, comprising:

forming a housing having a first surface and a second surface, wherein a receiving portion formed in the second surface and not exposed to the first surface, wherein a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion forms therein is thinner than that of the housing that the receiving portion does not form therein and a ratio

between a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion forms therein and a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion does not form therein is  $1/3-1/2$ ; and adhering a touch pad onto the receiving portion.

33. (new) The method as claimed in claim 32, further comprising:  
providing an adhesive member to adhere the touch pad on the receiving portion via the adhesive member.

34. (new) The method as claimed in claim 32, wherein a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion forms therein is about 0.5-0.32 mm.

35. (new) The method as claimed in claim 32, wherein a difference between a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion forms therein and a thickness of the housing that the receiving portion does not form therein is 0.7-1.0 mm.

36. (new) The method as claimed in claim 32, wherein the housing is formed by injection molding.

37. (new) The method as claimed in claim 32, further comprising to form a flange on the first surface, and the flange surrounds a surface corresponding to the receiving portion.

38. (new) The method as claimed in claim 37, wherein the flange is an identifier.

39. (New) A notebook computer, comprising:

a display;

a main portion pivotally connected with the display and allowing the display to pivot between a closed position and an opened position, and including a housing, wherein the housing has a first surface to be adjacent to the display when the display is in the closed position, a second surface formed opposite to the first surface and a first identification portion formed on the second surface; and

a touch pad disposed on the first identification portion;

wherein a second identification portion is formed on the first surface and corresponding to the first identification portion, thereby to identify the position of the first identification portion and the touch pad.

40. (new) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 39, wherein the second identification portion is surrounded by a flange.

41. (New) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 39, wherein a thickness of the housing that the first identification portion forms is thinner than that of the housing that the first identification portion does not form.

42. (New) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 39, wherein a ratio between a thickness of the housing that the first identification portion forms and a thickness of the housing that the first identification portion does not form is  $1/3-1/2$ .

43. (new) The notebook computer as claimed in claim 39, wherein a thickness of the housing that the first identification portion forms is about 0.5-0.8 mm.

44. (new)The notebook computer as claimed in claim 39, wherein a difference between a thickness of the housing that the first identification portion forms and a thickness of the housing that the first identification portion does not form is 0.7-1.0 mm.